21.8029.02010

FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2065

Introduced by

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Energy and Natural Resources Committee

(At the request of the Industrial Commission)

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact section 15-05-09.1 and a new subdivision to subsection 2 2 of section 28-32-01 and chapter 38-25 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the 3 authority of the board of university and school lands to lease lands under its control for the 4 underground storage of oil or gas and the definition of an administrative agency and the 5 jurisdiction of the industrial commission to regulate the permitting and amalgamation of the 6 underground storage of oil or gas; and to amend and reenact sections 15-05-09 and 15-05-10 7 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to oil and gas leases and royalties from oil leases.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. Section 15-05-09.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted 10 as follows:

15-05-09.1. Authorization to lease for the underground storage of oil or gas.

The board of university and school lands may lease any lands under the board's control for the underground storage of oil, natural gas, including hydrogen, and any other liquid hydrocarbons and may establish any rules and regulations necessary concerning the leasing of such rights.

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15-05-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15-05-09. Leases for oil, gas, and other products.

The board of university and school lands may lease any lands under its control believed to contain oil, gas, coal, cement materials, sodium sulfate, sand and gravel, road material, building stone, chemical substances, metallic ores, or colloidal or other clays, or other naturally occurring elements and their compounds, and may make and establish rules and regulations for development and, drilling, and mining operations.

1	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 15-05-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
2	amended and reenacted as follows:						
3	15-05-10. Royalties from oil <u>and gas</u> leases - Rents from other leases - Rules.						
4	Oil and gas leases must be made by the board of university and school lands at such						
5	annual	nnual minimum payments as are determined by the board, but the royalty shall be not less					
6	than twe	than twelve and one-half percent of the gross output of oil from the lands leased. Oil <u>and gas</u>					
7	leases r	leases made by the board may authorize a royalty of less than twelve and one-half percent for					
8	production from stripper well properties or individual stripper wells and qualifying secondary						
9	recovery and qualifying tertiary recovery projects as defined in section 57-51.1-01. Leases for						
10	gas, coal, cement materials, sodium sulfate, sand and gravel, road material, building stone,						
11	chemical substances, metallic ores, or colloidal or other clays issued by the board under section						
12	15-05-09 for products other than oil and gas must be made by the board in such annual						
13	payments provide for adequate rental payments and other provisions as are determined by the						
14	board. The board may adopt rules regarding annual rental payments and royalties under this						
15	section.						
16	SECTION 3. A new subdivision to subsection 2 of section 28-32-01 of the North Dakota						
17	Century	Code is created and enacted as follows:					
18	The industrial commission with respect to an appeal for the determination of						
19		equitable compensation under chapter 38-25.					
20	SEC	CTION 4. Chapter 38-25 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as					
21	follows:						
22	<u>38-</u> 2	25-01. Definitions.					
23	<u>As ı</u>	used in this section chapter:					
24	<u>1.</u>	"Commission" mean the industrial commission.					
25	<u>2.</u>	"Equitable compensation" means just compensation and includes any damages					
26		allowed under chapter 38-11.1.					
27	3.	"Gas" includes all natural gas, including hydrogen, and all other fluid hydrocarbons not					
28		defined as oil.					
29	<u>3.4.</u>	"Geological storage" means the underground storage of oil or gas in a storage					
30		reservoir or salt cavern.					

1	4. 5.	"Oil" includes crude petroleum oil and other hydrocarbons regardless of gravity which				
2		are produced at the wellhead in liquid form and the liquid hydrocarbons known as				
3		distillate or condensate recovered or extracted from gas, other than gas produced				
4	ı	association with oil and commonly known as casinghead gas.				
5	<u>5.6.</u>	"Permit" means a permit issued by the commission allowing a person to operate an				
6	ı	underground storage facility.				
7	<u>6.7.</u>	"Pore space" has the same meaning as in section 47-31-02.				
8	7. 8.	"Prevent waste" means the locating, spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or				
9		producing of any oil or gas storage well or facility in a manner that increases the				
10		quantity of oil or gas stored, or which decreases unnecessary loss or destruction of oil				
11		or gas.				
12	9.	"Reservoir" means a subsurface sedimentary stratum, formation, aquifer, or void,				
13		whether natural or artificially created, including oil and gas reservoirs and saline				
14		formations suitable for or capable of being made suitable for injecting, storing, and				
15	ı	withdrawing oil or gas. The term does not include salt caverns.				
16	8. 10.	"Salt cavern" means a natural occurring cavity contained within a salt formation or a				
17		cavity created in a salt formation by solution mining, suitable for injecting, storing, and				
18	ı	withdrawing oil or gas.				
19	9. 11.	"Solution mining" means the process of injecting fluid into a well to dissolve rock salt				
20		or other readily soluble rock to create a salt cavern for underground storage of oil or				
21	ı	gas.				
22	10. 12.	"Storage facility" means the reservoir, salt cavern, underground equipment, and				
23		surface facilities and equipment used or proposed to be used in an underground				
24		storage operation. The term does not include a pipeline used to transport oil or gas to				
25	ı	the storage facility.				
26	11. 13.	"Storage operator" means a person holding or applying for a permit.				
27	14.	"Waste" means the inefficient storing of oil or gas.				
28	38-25-02. Commission authority.					
29	The commission has authority:					

1	<u>1.</u>	Over all persons and property necessary to administer and enforce this chapter when			
2		necessary to prevent waste, to protect correlative rights of the mineral and surface			
3		estate, or to effect greater ultimate storage and recovery of oil and gas.			
4	<u>2.</u>	To regulate activities relating to an underground storage facility, including construction,			
5		solution mining to create salt caverns, operation, and closure.			
6	<u>3.</u>	To enter an underground storage facility at a reasonable time and manner to inspect			
7		equipment and facilities, to observe, monitor, and investigate operations, and to			
8		inspect records required to be maintained at the facility.			
9	<u>4.</u>	To require storage operators provide financial assurance, including bonds, to ensure			
10		money is available to fulfill the storage operator's duties.			
11	<u>5.</u>	To exercise continuing jurisdiction over storage operators and storage facilities,			
12		including the authority to amend or revoke a permit after notice and hearing.			
13	<u>6.</u>	After notice and hearing, to dissolve or change the boundaries of any commission			
14		established oil or gas field or unit within or near a storage reservoir's or salt cavern's			
15		boundaries.			
16	<u>7.</u>	After notice and hearing, to adopt reasonable rules and issue reasonable orders to			
17		implement the policies of this chapter.			
18	<u>8.</u>	After notice and hearing, to grant exceptions to this chapter's requirements and			
19		implementing rules for good cause if required to comply with applicable federal law.			
20	38-25-03. Permit required - Permit transfer.				
21	Geologic storage is allowed if permitted by the commission. A permit may be transferred if				
22	the commission consents.				
23	38-25-04. Permit hearing - Hearing notice.				
24	<u>1.</u>	The commission shall hold a public hearing before issuing any storage permit.			
25	<u>2.</u>	Notice of the hearing must be published for two consecutive weeks in the official			
26		newspaper of the county or counties where the storage reservoir or salt cavern is			
27		proposed to be located and in any other newspaper the commission requires.			
28		Publication deadlines must comply with commission requirements.			
29	<u>3.</u>	NoticeWritten notice of hearing must be givenmailed to each surface owner of record			
30		of land overlying the storage reservoir or salt cavern and within one-half mile [0.80]			

1 kilometer] of the reservoir's or salt cavern's boundaries. The notice of hearing must be 2 mailed to an owner's last known address. 3 <u>4.</u> If the proposed storage facility contemplates storage of oil or gas in an oil and gas 4 reservoir, notice of the hearing also must be givenmailed to each mineral lessee, 5 mineral owner of record, and pore space owner of record within the storage reservoir 6 and within one-half mile [0.80 kilometer] of the storage reservoir's boundaries. 7 If the proposed storage facility contemplates storage of oil or gas in a salt cavern, 5. 8 notice of the hearing must be given mailed to each salt mineral lessee, salt mineral 9 owner of record, and pore space owner of record within the salt cavern outer 10 boundaries and within one-half mile [0.80 kilometer] of the outer boundaries of the salt 11 cavern, or as otherwise may be required by the commission. 12 <u>6.</u> If the storage facility contemplates storage of oil or gas in a saline formation or aquifer, 13 notice of hearing must be givenmailed to each pore space owner of record within the 14 storage reservoir and within one-half mile [0.80 kilometer] of the storage reservoir's 15 boundaries. 16 Hearing notices required by this section must comply with the deadlines set by the 7. 17 commission and must contain the information the commission requires. 18 38-25-05. Permit requirements - Storage in oil and gas reservoir. 19 Before issuing a permit for storage in an oil and gas reservoir, the commission shall find: 20 The storage operator has or will obtain the consent by lease, purchase, or other 1. 21 agreement from all surface owners where surface disturbance activities are necessary 22 and surface facilities will be located. 23 The storage operator has complied with all requirements set by the commission. <u>2.</u> 24 <u>3.</u> The storage facility is suitable and feasible for the injection, storage, and withdrawal of 25 oil or gas. 26 The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to get the consent of all persons <u>4.</u> 27 that own the storage reservoir's pore space. 28 The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons 5. 29 that own oil and gas minerals and oil and gas leases. 30 The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least fifty-five <u>6.</u> 31 percent of the storage reservoir's pore space unless the percentage required to unitize

1 the oil and gas unit is otherwise provided for by order of the commission before 2 August 1, 2021, if so the percentage in the order required to pool the mineral interests 3 prevails as to the percentage of pore space owners from whom the storage operator 4 must obtain consent. 5 <u>7.</u> The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least fifty-five 6 percent of the storage reservoir's oil and gas minerals and oil and gas leases unless 7 the percentage required to unitize the oil and gas unit is otherwise provided for by 8 order of the commission before August 1, 2021, if so the percentage in the order 9 prevails. 10 Whether the storage reservoir contains any commercially valuable oil, gas, or other 8. 11 minerals and, if it does, a permit may be issued only if the commission is satisfied the 12 interests of the mineral owners or mineral lessees will not be affected adversely or 13 have been addressed in an arrangement entered by the mineral owners or mineral 14 lessees and the storage operator. 15 <u>9.</u> The proposed storage facility will not affect adversely surface waters or formations 16 containing fresh water. 17 <u>10.</u> The injected oil or gas will not escape from the storage reservoir. 18 <u>11.</u> The storage facility will not endanger health or unduly endanger the environment. 19 <u>12.</u> The storage facility is in the public interest. 20 <u>13.</u> The vertical boundaries of the storage reservoir are defined to include any necessary 21 or reasonable buffer zones for the purpose of ensuring the safe operations of the 22 storage facility and to protect the storage facility against pollution, invasion, and 23 escape or migration of oil or gas therefrom. 24 <u>14.</u> The horizontal extent of the injected gas within the storage reservoir, as estimated by 25 reasonable means and confirmed through appropriate monitoring methods, are 26 defined to include any necessary or reasonable buffer zones for the purpose of 27 ensuring the safe operations of the storage facility and to protect the storage facility 28 against pollution, invasion, and escape or migration of oil or gas therefrom. 29 15. The storage operator will establish monitoring facilities and protocols to assess the 30 location and migration of oil and gas, if any, injected for storage and to ensure 31 compliance with all permit, statutory, and administrative requirements.

1	<u>16.</u>	The method of underground storage is reasonably necessary to effectively carry on					
2		the joint effort, will prevent waste, protect correlative rights of the mineral and surface					
3		estate, and, with reasonable probability, will result in the increased storage and					
4		recovery of more oil and gas.					
5	17.	The time, conditions, and method by which the storage facility must be dissolved and					
6		the facility's affairs wound up. A storage facility may be dissolved ten years after the					
7		storage facility permit is issued upon a petition to the commission by the pore space					
8		owners and mineral owners that are credited with at least the percentage of interest of					
9		the pore space required to ratify the storage facility amalgamation agreement, and a					
10		subsequent hearing and order by the commission.					
11	18.	All nonconsenting owners are or will be compensated equitably.					
12	<u>38-2</u>	25-06. Permit requirements - Storage in saline reservoir or aquifer.					
13	<u>Befo</u>	fore issuing a permit for storage in a saline reservoir or aquifer, the commission shall					
14	<u>find:</u>						
15	<u>1.</u>	The storage operator has or will obtain the consent by lease, purchase, or other					
16		agreement from all surface owners where surface disturbance activities are necessary					
17		and surface facilities will be located.					
18	<u>2.</u>	The storage operator has complied with all requirements set by the commission.					
19	<u>3.</u>	The storage facility is suitable and feasible for the injection, storage, and withdrawal of					
20		oil or gas.					
21	<u>4.</u>	The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons					
22		that own the storage reservoir's pore space.					
23	<u>5.</u>	The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least					
24		fifty-fivesixty percent of the storage reservoir's pore space.					
25	<u>6.</u>	The proposed storage facility will not affect adversely surface waters or formations					
26		containing fresh water.					
27	<u>7.</u>	The injected oil or gas will not escape from the storage reservoir.					
28	<u>8.</u>	The storage facility will not endanger health or unduly endanger the environment.					
29	<u>9.</u>	The storage facility is in the public interest.					
30	<u>10.</u>	The vertical boundaries of the storage reservoir are defined to include any necessary					
31		or reasonable buffer zones for the purpose of ensuring the safe operations of the					

1 storage facility and to protect the storage facility against pollution, invasion, and 2 escape or migration of oil or gas therefrom. 3 <u>11.</u> The horizontal extent of the injected gas within the storage reservoir, as estimated by 4 reasonable means and confirmed through appropriate monitoring methods, are 5 defined to include any necessary or reasonable buffer zones for the purpose of 6 ensuring the safe operations of the storage facility and to protect the storage facility 7 against pollution, invasion, and escape or migration of oil or gas therefrom. 8 The storage operator will establish monitoring facilities and protocols to assess the <u>12.</u> 9 location and migration of oil and gas, if any, injected for storage and to ensure 10 compliance with all permit, statutory, and administrative requirements. 11 13. The method of underground storage is reasonably necessary to effectively carry on 12 the joint effort, will prevent waste, protect correlative rights of the mineral and surface 13 estate, and, with reasonable probability, will result in the increased storage and 14 recovery of more oil and gas. 15 The time, conditions, and method by which the storage facility must be dissolved and 14. 16 the facility's affairs wound up. A storage facility may be dissolved ten years after the 17 storage facility permit is issued upon a petition to the commission by the pore space 18 owners and mineral owners that are credited with at least the percentage of interest of 19 the pore space required to ratify the storage facility amalgamation agreement, and a 20 subsequent hearing and order by the commission. 21 All nonconsenting pore space owners are or will be compensated equitably. 22 38-25-07. Permit requirements - Storage in salt cavern. 23 Before issuing a permit for storage in a salt cavern, the commission shall find: 24 <u>1.</u> The storage operator has or will obtain the consent by lease, purchase, or other 25 agreement from all surface owners where surface disturbance activities are necessary 26 and surface facilities will be located. 27 <u>2.</u> The storage operator has complied with all requirements set by the commission, 28 including all necessary permits to conduct solution mining, if applicable. 29 The storage facility is suitable and feasible for the injection, storage, and withdrawal of 3. 30 oil or gas.

1 The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons 2 that own the salt cavern's pore space. 3 <u>5.</u> The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons 4 that own the salt cavern's salt minerals and salt leases. 5 6. The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least 6 fifty-fivesixty percent of the salt cavern's pore space. 7 The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least fifty-five 7. 8 percent of the salt cavern's salt minerals and salt leases. 9 The proposed storage facility will not affect adversely surface waters or formations <u>8.</u> 10 containing fresh water. 11 <u>9.</u> The injected oil or gas will not escape from the salt cavern. 12 <u>10.</u> The storage facility will not endanger health or unduly endanger the environment. 13 11. The storage facility is in the public interest. 14 <u>12.</u> The horizontal and vertical boundaries of the salt cavern are defined to include a 15 buffer zone from the outer walls of the cavern for the purpose of ensuring the safe 16 operation of the storage facility and to protect the storage facility against pollution, 17 invasion, and escape or migration of gas therefrom. 18 <u>13.</u> The storage operator will establish monitoring facilities and protocols to assess the 19 location and migration of oil and gas, if any, injected for storage and to ensure 20 compliance with all permit, statutory, and administrative requirements. 21 <u>14.</u> The method of underground storage is reasonably necessary to effectively carry on 22 the joint effort, will prevent waste, protect correlative rights of the mineral and surface 23 estate, and, with reasonable probability, will result in the increased storage and 24 recovery of more oil and gas. 25 The time, conditions, and method by which the storage facility must be dissolved and 15. 26 the facility's affairs wound up. A storage facility may be dissolved ten years after the 27 storage facility permit is issued upon a petition to the commission by the pore space 28 owners and mineral owners that are credited with at least the percentage of interest of 29 the pore space required to ratify the storage facility amalgamation agreement, and a 30 subsequent hearing and order by the commission. 31 That all nonconsenting owners are or will be equitably compensated.

1 <u>38-25-08. Amalgamating property interests.</u>

If a storage operator does not obtain the consent of all persons owning a pore space and of mineral interest owners when required by this chapter, the commission may require the interest owned by the nonconsenting owners be included in an approved storage facility and subject to geologic storage if the minimum percentage of consent is obtained as specified in this chapter.

Any pore space owner who does not have responsibility over the construction, management, supervision, or control of the storage facility operations is not liable for money damages for personal or other property damages proximately caused by the operations.

38-25-09. Ownership of oil and gas.

All oil or gas previously reduced to possession and subsequently injected into underground storage facilities must be deemed the property of the storage operator subject to the obligation to pay royalties as set forth in section 38-25-10.

38-25-10. Injection of produced gas - When royalties owed.

- 1. Unless otherwise expressly agreed by the storage operator, mineral owners, and lease owners, royalties on gas produced but not sold and which is injected into a storage facility instead of flaring or for lack of market, are not due on the produced and stored gas until gas volumes actually are withdrawn from the storage facility, sold, and proceeds received from the sale.
- 2. Prior to gas being withdrawn and sold from a storage facility under this section, the storage operator, after notice and hearing, shall obtain approval from the commission evidencing a reasonable and equitable method of allocation of the stored gas sale proceeds to the rightful mineral, royalty, and leasehold owners of the gas injected into storage. The commission may adopt such rules and orders as necessary to implement the purposes of this section.

38-25-11. Appeal for determination of equitable compensation.

1. A nonconsenting surface or pore space owner may appeal the commission's decision on the amount of equitable compensation owed to that owner for use of the owner's surface or pore space. The appeal must be taken to the district court for the county where the property affected by the order is located unless the property is located in or underlies more than one county, then the appeal may be taken to the district court for any county in which the property is located.

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly

1	2. The owner shall file the notice of appeal with the district court within sixty days of				
2		notic	ce of the commission's decision.		
3		a.	The notice of appeal must specify the compensation determination appealed		
4			from and describe the real property valued.		
5		b.	The notice of appeal also must be served on the storage operator by certified		
6			mail.		
7	3.	In a proceeding in district court under this section, the amount of equitable			
8		com	pensation must be made by a jury, unless a jury is waived by the owner.		
9		а.	The appeal may be noticed for trial and tried as in the case of a civil action and		
10			the court may direct issues to be framed, and require other parties to be joined		
11			and to plead therein when necessary for the proper determination of equitable		
12			compensation.		
13		b.	The owner shall present evidence, has the burden of proof, and has the right to		
14			an opening and closing statement.		
15		C.	The amount of equitable compensation must be reassessed de novo and		
16			apportion the same as the evidence and justice may require.		
17	4.	The	remedy provided in this section is cumulative and does not replace the right to		
18		app	eal under section 38-08-14 or chapter 28-32.		
19		a	An appeal under this section is limited to the amount of equitable compensation		
20			owed to a nonconsenting surface or pore space owner whose property is being		
21			amalgamated under this chapter.		
22		b.	The commission's decision remains in effect when an appeal is taken under this		
23			section.		
24	38-25-11 38-25-12. Application.				
25	This chapter does not apply to applications filed with the commission which propose to use				
26	produced gas for an enhanced oil or gas recovery project. Those applications must be				
27	processed under chapter 38-08.				